

RESIN ORTHO SURF BOARD RESIN

Product Name:	Resin ORTHO Surf Board Resin
	1570455 Rev. 0
Revision Date:	01-Sep-2023
	According to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006

Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1. Product Identifier

Product Name: Resin ORTHO Surf Board Resin
Chemical Name: Unsaturated Polyester Resin

Pure Substance/Mixture: Mixture

1.2. Product relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Identified uses: Resins for composites. Contact us before using for

food contact application.

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Tricel Composites (GB) Limited Tricel Composites (NI) Limited

Unit A, Foxway, Unit 4, Milltown Ind. Estate, Greenan

Off Atkinson Street, Road. Warrenpoint, Newry

Leeds, West Yorkshire, Co. Down,



LS10 1PS. BT34 3FN.

Tel: +44 (0)113 270 3133 Tel: +44 (0)284 175 3738

1.4. Emergency Telephone Number

Emergency medical information: 8am-10pm (seven days) contact National Poisons

Information Centre, Beaumont Hospital, Dublin 9 DOV2NO, Ireland.

Telephone Number: +353 (0)1 809 2166

Leeds:	Newry:
Tel: +44 (0)113 270 3133	Tel: +44 (0)284 175 3738

1.4.1. Poison Information Centre Telephone Number

European emergency phone number: 112

UK: National Poisons Emergency Number: 0344 892 0111

Ireland: National Poisons Information Centre (NPIC)Telephone Healthcare

Professionals: +353 (01) 809 2566. (24 hour service) Telephone Members of

Public: +353 (01) 809 2166. (8.00 a.m. to 10.00 p.m. 7 days a week)

2. Hazards Identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification of the substance or mixture - GHS/CLP (nº 1272/2008)

Skin Corrosion/Irritation	Category 2 - (H315)
Serious Eye Damage/Eye Irritation	Category 2 - (H319)
ReproductiveToxicity	Category 2 - (H361d)
Specific Target Organ Toxicity (Single Exposure)	Category 3 - (H335)
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure	Category 1 - (H372)



Chronic Aquatic Toxicity	Category 3 - (H412)
Flammableliquids	Category 3 - (H226)

2.2. Label elements



Signal Word: Danger

Contains: cobalt octoate, 2,2-bis(bromomethyl)propane-1,3-diol,

diantimony trioxide, Styrene

2.2.1. Hazard Statements

Hazard statements

H315 - Causes skin irritation

H319 - Causes serious eye irritation

H335 - May cause respiratory irritation

H361d - Suspected of damaging the unborn child

H372 - Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure if

inhaled

H412 - Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects

Physical hazards

H226 - Flammable liquid and vapour

EU H -Phrases

EUH208 Contains 2,2"-[(1-methylethylidene)bis(4,1-phenyleneoxymethylene)]bisoxirane, Alkyl (C12, C14) glycidyl ether-May produce an allergic reaction.



2.2.2. Precautionary Statements

P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking

P243 - Take action to prevent static discharges

P260 - Do not breathe vapour

P273 - Avoid release to the environment

P280 - Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection P302 + P352 - IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water P304 + P340 - IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing

P305 + P351 + P338 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes.

Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing

P403 + P233 - Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed

2.3. Other Hazards

PBT/vPvB see section 12.5.

3. Composition/Information on Ingredients

3.1. Substances

Not applicable

3.2. Mixtures

Hazardous Components

Chemical Name	EC-No	REACH	CAS-No	Weight	GHS Classification	M-Factor	M-Factor	Concentrati
		Registration		percent		(acute)	(chronic	on limit (%)
		Number)	



Styrene	202-851-5	01-2119457861-32	100-42-5	34 - 39	Flam. Liq. 3 (H226)	
					Repr. 2 (H361d)	
					Acute Tox. 4 (H332)	
					Skin Irrit. 2 (H315)	
					Eye Irrit. 2 (H319)	
					Asp. Tox. 1 (H304)	
					STOT SE 3 (H335)	
					STOT RE 1 (H372)	
					Aquatic Chronic 3	
					(H412)	
phthalic	201-607-5	01-2119457017-41	85-44-9	0.1 - < 1	Acute Tox. 4 (H302)	
anhydride					Skin Irrit. 2 (H315)	
					Skin Sens. 1 (H317)	
					Eye Dam. 1 (H318)	
					Resp. Sens. 1 (H334)	
					STOT SE 3 (H335)	
Oxybenzone	205-031-5	01-2119976330-39	131-57-7	0.1 - < 0.25	AquaticAcute1 1	
					(H400)	
					AquaticChronic2	
					(H411)	
cobalt octoate	205-250-6	01-2119524678-29	136-52-7	0.01 - < 0.1	Skin Sens. 1A (H317)	
					Eye Irrit. 2 (H319)	
					Repr. 1B (H360Fd)	
					Aquatic Acute 1	
					(H400)	
					Aquatic Chronic 3	
					(H412)	

Additional information Acute Toxicity Estimate See Section 11 for more information

For the full text of the H-Statements mentioned in this Section, see Section 16

4. First Aid Measures

4.1. Description of First Aid Measures

General advice Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in

attendance

Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray



Eye Contact Rinse thoroughly with plenty of water, also under the

eyelids.

Keep eye wide open while rinsing.

If symptoms persist, call a physician

Skin contact Wash off immediately with soap and plenty of water

removing all contaminated clothes and shoes

If skin irritation persists, call a physician

Inhalation Move to fresh air

If not breathing, give artificial respiration

Consult a physician

Ingestion Do NOT induce vomiting

Rinse mouth.

Consult a physician

Protection of first-aidersUse personal protective equipment

See section 8 for more information

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Eye Contact Irritating to eyes

Skin contact Irritating to skin

May cause sensitisation by skin contact

Inhalation Harmful: danger of serious damage to health by prolonged

exposure through inhalation

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Irritating to respiratory system

May produce an allergic reaction.

Ingestion Ingestion may cause gastrointestinal irritation, nausea,

vomiting and diarrhoea

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Notes to physician No information available

5. Firefighting Measures

5.1. Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media:

Dry chemical, Foam, Carbon dioxide (CO 2), (closed systems)

Extinguishing Media Which Must not be Used for Safety Reasons:

Do not use a solid water stream as it may scatter and spread fire.

5.2. Special Hazards arising from substance or mixture

Special exposure hazards arising from the substance or preparation itself, combustion products, resulting gases:

Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air. Most vapours are heavier than air.

They will spread along ground and collect in low or confined areas (sewers,

basements, tanks) Heating or fire can release toxic gas: Carbon monoxide



5.3. Advice for Firefighters

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters:

Wear self-contained breathing apparatus and protective suit.

Other information:

Cool containers / tanks with water spray.

Fire residues and contaminated fire extinguishing water must be disposed of in accordance with local regulations.

6. Accidental Release Measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel

Personal precautions Remove all sources of ignition

Heat, flames and sparks.

Take precautionary measures against static

charges.

Ensure adequate ventilation

Use personal protective equipment

Use personal protective equipment

For emergency responders Avoid breathing vapours or mists In the event of fire

and/or explosion do not breathe fumes. Use

personal protective equipment

6.2. Environmental Precautions



Environmental precautions The product should not be allowed to enter drains,

water courses or the soil.

Do not flush into surface water or sanitary sewer

system

6.3. Methods and Material for Containment and

Cleaning Up

Methods for cleaning up Contain spillage, and then collect with non-

combustible absorbent material, (e.g. sand, earth,

diatomaceous earth, vermiculite) and place in

container for disposal according to local / national

regulations (see section 13)

Use clean non-sparking tools to collect absorbed

material

6.4. Reference to other sections

See section 8 for more information

See Section 12 for additional Ecological Information

7. Handling and Storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Precautions for safe handling Avoid static electricity build up with connection to

earth

Use only in area provided with appropriate exhaust

ventilation



In case of insufficient ventilation, wear suitable

respiratory equipment

For personal protection see section 8

Prevention of fire

and explosion Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and

sources of ignition. Empty containers may contain

flammable or explosive vapours

Hygiene measures When using, do not eat, drink or smoke Wash hands

before breaks and at the end of workday. Provide

regular cleaning of equipment, work area and

clothing

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Technical measures/

Storage conditions Keep in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place.

Keep at temperature not exceeding 30°C

Keep away from heat and sources of ignition.

Materials to avoid Strong oxidizing agents, Peroxides, Reducing agents

Packaging material metallic GRP Tanks (Reinforced Glass Polyester)

Unsuitable materials for containers copper, Copper alloys, Bronze, Zinc



7.3. Specific end use(s)

Specific use(s)

No information available

8. Exposure Controls/Personal Protection

8.1. Control Parameters

Occupational Exposure Limits

Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Chemical Name	European Union	ACGIH OEL (Ceiling)	The United Kingdom	Ireland
Styrene 100-42-5	-	ACGIH (2020): TLV-TWA: 10 ppm TLV-STEL/C: 20 ppm Notes: OTO, A3, BEI Critical effects: CNS and hearing impairment, URT irr, peripheral neuropathy visual disorders	STEL 250 ppm STEL 1080 mg/m³ TWA 100 ppm TWA 430 mg/m³	TWA 20 ppm TWA 85 mg/m ³ STEL 40 ppm STEL 170 mg/m ³
phthalicanhydride 85-44-9		TWA 1 ppm	STEL 12 mg/m³ TWA 4 mg/m³ Sen+	TWA 4 mg/m³ STEL 12 mg/m³ Sensitizer
cobalt octoate 136-52- 7	-	0.02 mg/m³	STEL 0.3 mg/m³ TWA 0.1 mg/m³ Sen+	TWA 0.1 mg/m³ Sensitizer

Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Biological Standards

Derived No Effect Level (DNEL)

Derived No Effect Level (D	NEL)			
Styrene (100-42-5)				
Туре	DNEL oral	DNEL dermal	DNEL inhalation	Remark
Workers - Long Term - Systemic effect		406 mg/Kg bw/day	85 mg/m ³	



Workers - Acute Short Term

MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

306 mg/m³

- Local effect				
Workers - Acute Short term			289 mg/m ³	
- Systemic effect				
General Population - Acute			182.7 mg/m ³	
Short Term - Local effect				
General Population - Acute			174.2 mg/m ³	
Short Term - Systemic effect				
General Population - Long	2.1 mg/Kg bw/day	343 mg/Kg bw/day	10.2 mg/m ³	
Term - Systemic effect				
			-	'
phthalic anhydride (85-44-	9)			
Туре	DNEL oral	DNEL dermal	DNEL inhalation	Remark
Workers - Long Term -		10 mg/kg bw/day	32.2 mg/m ³	
Systemic effect				
General Population - Long	5 mg/kg bw/day	5 mg/kg bw/day	8.6 mg/m ³	
Term - Systemic effect				
	1		-	'
Oxybenzone (131-57-7)				
Туре	DNEL oral	DNEL dermal	DNEL inhalation	Remark
Workers - Long Term -		39 mg/kg bw/day	27.7 mg/m³	
Systemic effect				
General Population - Long	2 mg/kg bw/day	20 mg/kg bw/day	6.8 mg/m³	
Term - Systemic effect				
(100 -0 -0				
cobalt octoate (136-52-7)				
Туре	DNEL oral	DNEL dermal	DNEL inhalation	Remark
Workers - Long Term - Local			235.1 µg/m ³	
effect				
General Population - Long	175 µg/kg bw/day			
Term - Systemic effect	, ,			
General Population - Long			37 µg/m ³	
Term - Local effect			1 3	
	l			
Predicted No Effect C	oncentration			
(PNEC)				
PNEC Component				

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Exposure	Туре	PNEC
Fresh water	PNEC Aqua	0.028 mg/L
Marine water	PNEC Aqua	0.014 mg/L
Intermittent use/release	PNEC Aqua	0.04 mg/L
Fresh water	PNEC Sediment	0.614 mg/Kg.dw
Marine water	PNEC Sediment	0.307 mg/Kg.dw
Terrestrial Compartment	PNEC Soil	0.2 mg/Kg.dw
STP microorganisms	PNEC STP	5 mg/L

Туре	PNEC
PNEC Aqua	1 mg/L
PNEC Aqua	0.1 mg/L
PNEC Aqua	5.6 mg/L
PNEC STP	10 mg/L
PNEC Sediment	3.8 mg/kg sediment dw
PNEC Sediment	0.38 mg/kg sediment dw
PNEC Soil	0.173 mg/kg soil dw
	PNEC Aqua PNEC Aqua PNEC Aqua PNEC STP PNEC Sediment PNEC Sediment

Oxybenzone (131-57-7)		
Exposure	Туре	PNEC
Marine water	PNEC Aqua	0.067 μg/L
Fresh water	PNEC Aqua	0.67 μg/L
	PNEC STP	10 mg/L
Fresh water	PNEC Sediment	0.066 mg/kg sediment dw
Marine water	PNEC Sediment	0.0066 mg/kg sediment dw



	PNEC Soil	0.013 mg/kg soil dw	
	I		
cobalt octoate (136-52-7)			
Exposure	Туре	PNEC	
Fresh water	PNEC Aqua	0.62 μg/L	
Marine water	PNEC Aqua	2.36 μg/L	
STP microorganisms	PNEC STP	0.37 mg/L	
Fresh water	PNEC Sediment	53.8 mg/kg sediment dw	
Marine water	PNEC Sediment	69.8 mg/kg sediment dw	
Terrestrial Compartment	PNEC Soil	10.9 mg/kg soil dw	

8.2. Exposure Controls

Occupational exposure controls

Engineering measures Apply technical measures to comply with the

occupational exposure limits.

When working in confined spaces (tanks,

containers, etc.), ensure that there is a supply of air

suitable for breathing and wear the recommended

equipment

Personal protective equipment

General Information Use personal protective equipment.

Respiratory protection Provide a good standard of general ventilation (not

less than 3 to 5 air changes per hour) If exposure

limits are likely to be exceeded / In case of

insufficient ventilation wear suitable respiratory

equipment:

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Breathing apparatus with filter Type A (Organic

gases and vapours filter conforming to EN 14387,

APF 40 < 1 hour, APF 200 > 1 hour)

Eye protection Safety glasses with side-shields. Do not wear

contact lenses.

Skin and body protection Antistatic boots. Protective shoes or boots. Wear

fire/flame resistant/retardant clothing.

Hand protection Wear chemically resistant gloves (tested to EN 374)

in combination with 'basic' employee training Glove material: Neoprene, Nitriles, Viton (R) or

Polyvinyl alcohol

Gloves should be discarded and replaced if there is

any indication of degradation or chemical

breakthrough.

8.3. Environmental exposure controls

Environmental exposure controls Do not allow material to contaminate ground

water system.

9. Physical and Chemical Properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Property Values Remark

Physical state Liquid
Colour blue

Appearance No data available

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Values related to styrene

Particle size No data available

Odour Styrene

Odour Threshold 0.15 ppm Values related to styrene

No data available

pH (as aqueous solution) No data available

Melting point/range - 30 °C Values related to styrene

Freezing Point No data available Softening point No data available

Boiling point 145°C Values related to styrene Flash point 31 °C Values related to styrene

No data available Flammability

Flammability Limit in Air

Upper 6,1 - 6,8% Values related to styrene 0,9-1,1% Lower Values related to styrene

Vapour pressure 1 kPa 25°C Values related to styrene

25°C

3.6 Vapour density Density 1.12 g/cm3

Specific Gravity No data available

Bulk density No data available Water solubility Insoluble in water

Solubility in other solvents Soluble in most organic solvents

Partition coefficient:

n-octanol/water Values related to styrene 490°C Autoignition temperature Values related to styrene No data available

Decomposition temperature

Viscosity, kinematic 527 mm2/s 23°C 23°C 590 mPa.s Viscosity, dynamic

Other Information 9.2.

Information with regards to physical hazard classes

Property Values Remark Explosives No data available Flammable gases No data available No data available Aerosols No data available Oxidising gases Gases under pressure No data available

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Flammable liquids

Flammable solids

Pyrophoric liquids

Pyrophoric solids

No data available

No data available

No data available

No data available

Self-heating substances

and mixtures No data available

Substances and mixtures which,

in contact with water, emit flammable gases

Oxidising liquids

Oxidising solids

Oxidising Properties

Oxidising Properties

No data available

Organic peroxides

No data available

Corrosive to metals

Desensitised explosives

No data available

Other safety characteristics

Sensitivity to Mechanical Impact No data available SAPT (self-accelerating polymerisation temperature) No data available Formation of explosible dust/air mixtures No data available Acid/alkaline reserve No data available Miscible No data available Conductivity No data available Corrosiveness No data available No data available Gas group Redox potential No data available Photocatalytic properties No data available

10. Stability and Reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

Reactivity Product may ignite and burn at temperatures exceeding

the flash point

10.2. Chemical stability

Stability Stable under recommended storage conditions.

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10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Hazardous reactions In use, may form flammable/explosive vapour-air

mixture.

Hazardous polymerisation Polymerisation can occur.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Conditions to avoid Heat, flames and sparks.

Exposure to light.

Take precautionary measures against static

charges.

10.5. Incompatible materials

Materials to avoid Strong oxidizing agents, Peroxides, Reducing agents

10.6. Hazardous decomposition Products

Hazardous decomposition

Products Incomplete combustion and thermolysis produces

potentially toxic gases such as carbon monoxide

and carbon dioxide

11. Toxicological Information

11.1. Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Acute toxicity

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Inhalation Harmful: danger of serious damage to health by prolonged

exposure through inhalation Irritating to respiratory system

Ingestion Harmful if swallowed. Ingestion may cause gastrointestinal

irritation, nausea, vomiting and diarrhoea.

Chemical Name	LD50 Oral	LD50 Dermal	LC50 Inhalation	Read-across (Analogy)
Styrene 100-42-5	5000 mg/kg (Rat)	> 2000 mg/kg bw (Rat) 24h OECD 402	11.8 mg/L (Rat) 4h CSR	
phthalic anhydride 85- 44-9	1530 mg/kg bw (Rat)	9. 9 . ,	> 2.14 mg/L (Rat) 4h OECD 403	
'	0, 0, ,	> 16000 mg/kg bw (Rabbit) 18-22h		
cobalt octoate 136-52- 7		> 2000 mg/kg bw (Rat) OECD 402		

Skin corrosion/irritation

Chemical Name	Skin corrosion/irritation	Read-across (Analogy)
Styrene 100-42-5	Irritating to skin in vivo assay rabbit	
phthalic anhydride 85-44-9	Irritating to skin in vivo assay rabbit OECD 404	
Oxybenzone 131-57-7	No skin irritation in vivo assay rabbit OECD 404	
cobalt octoate 136-52-7	No skin corrosion in vitro study OECD 431 EU Method B. 40	

Serious Eye Damage/Eye Irritation

Chemical Name	Serious Eye Damage/Eye Irritation	Read-across (Analogy)
Styrene 100-42-5	Irritating to eyes in vivo assay rabbit	
phthalic anhydride 85-44-9	Irritating to eyes in vivo assay rabbit Draize Test	
Oxybenzone 131-57-7	No eye irritation in vivo assay rabbit OECD 405	



cobaltoctoate 136-52-7	Moderate eye irritation OECD 437	
	EU Method B.47 Irritating to eyes rabbit	
	OECD 405	

Respiratory or skin sensitisation May cause sensitisation by skin contact

Chemical Name	Respiratory or skin sensitisation	Read-across (Analogy)
Styrene100-42-5	Does not cause skin sensitization Does not cause	
	respiratory sensitization	
	CSR	
phthalicanhydride 85-44-9	May cause sensitisation by inhalation and skin	
	contact in vivo assay	
	guinea pig	
	OECD 406	
Oxybenzone 131-57-7	Does not cause skin sensitization in vivo assay	
	mouse	
	OECD 429	
cobalt octoate 136-52-7	May cause sensitisation by skin contact in vivo	
	assay	
	mouse	
	OECD 429	

Mutagenic Effects

in vitro study

Chemical Name	Ames test	Read-across (Analogy)
Styrene	Ambiguous	
100-42-5	In vitro gene mutation study in bacteria	
	(S. typhimurium G46, TA1530, TA 1535, TA100, TA98,	
	TA1538, TA 1537)	
	OECD 471	
phthalic anhydride	negative	
85-44-9	In vitro gene mutation study in bacteria	
	(S. typhimurium TA 1535, TA 1537, TA 98, TA100 and	
	TA 102)	
	(Escherichia coli WP2 uvrA)	
	OECD 471	
Oxybenzone	negative	
131-57-7	In vitro gene mutation study in bacteria	
	Salmonella sp.	



	OECD TG 471	
cobalt octoate	negative	Cas N°: 68956-82-1, 14024-48-7
136-52-7	In vitro gene mutation study in bacteria	
	(S. typhimurium TA 1535, TA 1537, TA 98, TA100 and	
	TA 102)	
	OECD 471	

Chemical Name	In vitro Mammalian Cell Gene Mutation Test	Read-across (Analogy)
Styrene	Ambiguous	
100-42-5	In vitro gene mutation study in mammalian cells	
	hamster	
	OECD 476	
phthalic anhydride	negative	
85-44-9	In vitro gene mutation study in mammalian cells	
	hamster	
	OECD 476	
Oxybenzone	negative	
131-57-7	In vitro gene mutation study in mammalian cells	
	hamster	
	OECD 476	
	EU Method B.17	
cobalt octoate	negative	Cas N°: 7440-48-4, 1308-06-1,
136-52-7	In vitro gene mutation study in mammalian cells	
	mouse	
	OECD 476	
Chemical Name	In vitro Mammalian Chromosome Aberration Test	Read-across (Analogy)
Styrene	positive	
100-42-5	Chromosome aberration test in vitro	
	OECD 473	
	OECD 479	
phthalic anhydride	Ambiguous	
85-44-9	Chromosome aberration test in vitro	
	hamster	
	OECD 473	
Oxybenzone	negative	
131-57-7	Chromosome aberration test in vitro	
	hamster	

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in vivo assay

Chemical Name	Unscheduled DNA Synthesis (UDS)	Read-across (Analogy)
Styrene	negative	
100-42-5	mouse	
	OECD 486	
	OECD 474	
cobalt octoate	negative	Cas N°: 68956-82-1, 14024-48-7,
136-52-7	rat	10026-24-1
	OECD 474	
	OECD 475	

Carcinogenicity

Carcinogenicity				
Styrene (100-42-5)				
Routes of Exposure	Method	Species	Dose	Evaluation
Inhalation	OECD 453	rat	NOAEC systemic	negative
			(carcinogenicity) >= 4.34	
			mg/L air (nominal)	
nhalation	OECD 453	mouse	LOAEC (carcinogenicity)	positive
			female/male = 0.09 - 0.18	
			mg/L air resp., NOAEC	
			(carcinogenicity) male =	
			0.09 mg/L air	
Oral	No information available	rat	NOAEL (carcinogenicity)	positive
			>= 2000 mg/kg bw /day	
Oral	No information available	mouse	LOAEL (carcinogenicity)	positive
			= 150 mg/kg bw /day	

phthalic anhydride (85-44-9)					
Routes of Exposure	Method	Species	Dose	Evaluation	
Oral	No information available		NOAEL (carcinogenicity, male) = 3570 mg/kg bw/day (72w)	negative	

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		NOAEL (carcinogenicity, female) = 1785 mg/kg bw/day (72w)	
Oral	No information available	NOAEL (carcinogenicity) = 1000 mg/kg bw/day (105w)	negative

Reproductive toxicity

Reproductive toxicity				
Styrene (100-42-5)				
Routes of Exposure	Method	Species	Dose	Evaluation
Inhalation	No information available	rat	NOAEL/LOAEL (fertility) 60d = 100 - 200 mg/kg bw/day	positive
Oral	OECD 422	rat	NOAEL/LOAEL (fertility) 60d = 200 - 400 mg/kg bw/day	positive
Inhalation	OECD 416	rat	NOAEC (P, F1) = 0.64 mg/L air LOAEC (P, F1) = 2.13 mg/L air NOAEC (F2) = 0.21 mg/L air LOAEC (F2) = 0.64 mg/L air (70d)	negative

Routes of Exposure	Method	Species	Dose	Evaluation
Oral	No information available	mouse	NOAEL (reproductive,	negative
			male) = 3570 mg/kg	
			bw/day (72w)	
			NOAEL (reproductive,	
			female) = 1785 mg/kg	
			bw/day (72w)	
Oral	No information available	rat	NOAEL (reproductive,	negative
			female) = 1000 mg/kg	
			bw/day (105w)	



cobalt octoate (136-52-7)					
Routes of Exposure	Method	Species	Dose	Evaluation	
Oral	Read-across (Analogy) Cas N°: 7440-48-4 OECD 422	rat	NO(A)EL (P&F1) 28d = 30 mg/kg bw/day	positive	

Developmental Toxicity Suspected of damaging the unborn child.

Developmental Toxicity				
Styrene (100-42-5)				
Routes of Exposure	Method	Species	Dose	Evaluation
Inhalation	No information available	rat	NOAEC/LOAEC (maternal	positive
			toxicity +	
			developemental	
			toxicity) >50d = 1.08 -	
			2.15 mg/L air	
Inhalation	OECD 414	rat	LOAEC (maternal	positive
			toxicity) 6-15d = 1.28	
			mg/L air	
Inhalation	OECD 414	rat	NOAEC (developmental	negative
			toxicity) 6-15d >= 2.56	
			mg/L air	
Inhalation	OECD 414	rabbit	NOAEC (maternal	negative
			toxicity	
			+ developmental	
			toxicity) 6-18d = 2.56	
			mg/L air	

Routes of Exposure	Method	Species	Dose	Evaluation
Oral	Read-across (Analogy)	rat	NOAEL (maternal	positive
	phthalic acid Cas N°: 88-		toxicity)	
	99-3		= 1000 mg/kg bw/day	
			NOAEL (teratogenicity)	=
			1700 mg/kg bw/day	

Oxybenzone (131-57-7)				
Routes of Exposure	Method	Species	Dose	Evaluation



Oral	OECD 414	rat	NOAEL (maternal	negative
			toxicity)	
			= 200 mg/kg bw/day	
			NOAEL (developmental	
			toxicity) = 200 mg/kg	
			bw/day	
			14d	

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure:

May cause irritation of respiratory tract

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure:

Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure, target organ(s): Central nervous system, Ears

Aspiration hazard Due to the viscosity, this product does not present an

aspiration hazard.

11.2. Information on Other Hazards

Endocrine disrupting properties No information available

Other information None

12. Ecological Information

12.1. Toxicity

Harmful to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment. Do not flush into surface water or sanitary sewer system



Acute aquatic toxicity - Component

Chemical Name	Toxicity to algae	Toxicity to daphnia and	Toxicity to fish	Toxicity to
	-	other aquatic		microorganisms
		invertebrates.		
Styrene 100-42-5	EC50 (72h) = 4.9 mg/L	EC50 (48h) = 4.7 mg/L	LC50 (96h) = 4.02 - 10	EC (30min) = 500 mg/L
'	(Pseudokirchnerella	(Daphnia magna)	mg/L (Pimephales	(Activated sludge of a
	` subcapitata)	NOEC = 1.9 mg/L (Daphnia		predominantly domestic
	•	magna)		sewage)
		OECD 202		OECD 209
phthalicanhydride 85-	EC50 (72h) = 68 mg/L,	EC50 (48h) = 71 mg/L	LC50 (96h) > 99 mg/L	EC50 (3h) > 1000 mg/L
44-9	NOEC (72h) = 32 mg/L	(Daphnia magna) OECD	(Oryzias latipes) OECD 203	(Activated sludge), ISO
	(Pseudokirchnerella	202		8192
	subcapitata) OECD 201			EC50 (16h) = 13 mg/L
				(Pseusomonas putida),
				ISO 10712
) —			
•	EC50 (biomass) 72h = 0.41	_		EC20 (3h) > 100 mg/L
	mg/L (Pseudokirchnerella	_	(Oryzias latipes)	(Activated sludge,
	•	NOEC (48h) = 1.15 mg/L	, ,	domestic)
	_	(Daphnia magna) Similar		EEC L 133, p. 118-122 (30.
	0.	to OECD 202	_	May 1988)
	(Pseudokirchnerella		(Oryzias latipes) Similar	
	subcapitata) NOEC		to OECD 203	
	(biomass) 72h =			
	0.08 mg/L			
	(Pseudokirchnerella			
	subcapitata) NOEC			
	(growth rate) 72h =			
	0.18 mg/L			
	(Pseudokirchnerella			
	subcapitata)			
	Similar to OECD 201			
cobalt octoate 136-52-	EC50 (72h) = 144 μg		LC50 (96h) = 1.512 mg/L	EC10 (30 min) = 3.73 mg/L
7	Codiss./L		(Oncorhynchus mykiss)	(Activated sludge)
	(Pseudokirchneriella		NOEC (96h) = 0.939 mg/L	EC50 (30 min) = 120 mg/L
	subcapitata)		(Oncorhynchus mykiss)	(Activated sludge)
	NOEC (72h) = 32.2 µg./L		LOEC (96h) = 1.577 mg/L	Read across with Cas N°:
	(Pseudokirchneriella		(Oncorhynchus mykiss)	7646-79-9
	subcapitata)		ASTM guideline (1996)	OECD 209
	LOEC (72h) = 52.7 µg			
	Codiss./L			
	(Pseudokirchneriella			
	subcapitata)			



OECD 201		

Chronic aquatic toxicity - Component Information

Chemical Name	Toxicity to algae	Toxicity to daphnia and	Toxicity to fish	Toxicity to
		other aquatic		microorganisms
		invertebrates.		
Styrene 100-42-5		NOEC (21d) = 1.01 mg/L		
		(Daphnia magna)		
		LOEC (21d) = 2.06 mg/L		
		(Daphnia magna)		
		EC50 (21d) = 1.88 mg/L		
		(Daphnia magna) OECD		
		203		
phthalic anhydride 85-		NOEC (reproduction) 21d =	LC50 (7d) = 560 mg/L	
44-9		16 mg/L, EC50	(Danio rerio), OECD 210	
		(reproduction) 21d = 42	LOEC (total	
		mg/L (Daphnia magna)	embryotoxicity) 60d = 32	
		OECD 211	mg/L, NOEC	
			(mortality, lengh, weight,	
			embryotoxicity) 60d = 10	
			mg/L, OECD 210	
cobalt octoate 136-52-	EC50 (7d) = 90.1 µg./L	NOECR (21d) = 60.8 μg./L		
7	(Lemna minor)	(Daphnia magna)		
	NOEC (7d) = 3.0 μg/L	LC50 (21d) = 121.3 mg/L		
	(Lemna minor)	(Daphnia magna) LOECR		
	LOEC (7d) = 8.8 µg/L	(21d) = 93.3 µg		
	(Lemna minor) OECD 221	Codiss./L (Daphnia		
		magna)		
		OECD 211		

Effects on terrestrial organisms - Component

Acutetoxicity				
phthalic anhydride (85-44-9)				
Acute toxicity	Test Method	Species	Values	Remarks
plants		Lactuca sativa	EC50 (germinati mg/L	ion) = 731



Chronic toxicity Styrene (100-42-5)				
				Chronic toxicity
Toxicity to invertebrates	OECD 207	Eisenia foetida	LC50 (14d) = 120 mg/kg	
			soil dw	
			LOEC (burrowing time	
			and mean percent weigh	nt
			change) = 65 mg/kg soil	
			dw	
			LOEC (survival) = 180	
			mg/kg soil dw	
			NOEC (mean percent	
			weight change) = 34	
			mg/kg soil dw	

12.2. Persistence and degradability

Chemical Name	Biodegradation	Evaluation	
Styrene100-42-5	87% (20d) similar to OECD 301D	Readily biodegradable	
phthalicanhydride 85-44-9	68 % (10d), 74 % (30d) OECD 301 D	Readily biodegradable	
Oxybenzone 131-57-7	60 - 70 % (28d)	Readily biodegradable	
cobalt octoate 136-52-7	60% (> 10d), OECD 301 B	Readily biodegradable	

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

Bioconcentration factor (BCF)			
Styrene (100-42-5)			
Method	Species	Bioconcentration factor (BCF)	
Calculation method		74	



Method	Species	Bioconcentration factor (BCF)
Calculation method		3.16 - 3.4
Oxybenzone (131-57-7)		
Method	Species	Bioconcentration factor (BCF)
similar to OECD 305	Oryzias latipes	36 - 158
Chemical Name	log Po	w
Styrene 100-42-5		
,	ı	

12.4. Mobility in soil

Chemical Name	LogKoc	Koc
Styrene 100-42-5	2.55	352
phthalic anhydride 85-44-9	-	31
Oxybenzone 131-57-7	2.98	954.8

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB

Chemical Name	РВТ	vPvB
Styrene 100-42-5	This substance is not considered to be	This substance is not considered to be
	persistent, bioaccumulating nor toxic	very persistent nor very
	(PBT).	bioaccumulating (vPvB).
phthalic anhydride 85-44-9	This substance is not considered to be	This substance is not considered to be
	persistent, bioaccumulating nor toxic	very persistent nor very
	(РВТ).	bioaccumulating (vPvB).
Oxybenzone 131-57-7	This substance is not considered to be	This substance is not considered to be
	persistent, bioaccumulating nor toxic	very persistent nor very
	(РВТ).	bioaccumulating (vPvB).



12.6. Endocrine disrupting properties

Endocrine disrupting propertiesNo information available

12.7. Other Adverse Effects

None known.

13. Disposal Considerations

13.1. Waste Treatment Methods

Waste from Residues/Unused Products

Dispose of in accordance with the European Directives on waste and hazardous waste.

Do not flush into surface water or sanitary sewer system

Contaminated packaging

Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal.

Other information

According to the European Waste Catalogue, Waste Codes are not product specific, but application specific.

Waste codes should be assigned by the user based on the application for which the product was used.



14. Transport Information

14.1. UN number or ID number

ADR/RID UN1866
IMDG/IMO UN1866
ICAO/IATA UN1866
ADN UN1866

14.2. UN proper shipping name

ADR/RID

Resin solution

UN1866, RESIN SOLUTION, 3, PG III, (D/E)

IMDG/IMO

Resin solution

UN1866, RESIN SOLUTION, 3, PG III, (31°C c.c.)

ICAO/IATA

UN1866, RESIN SOLUTION, 3, PG III

ADN

Resin solution

UN1866, RESIN SOLUTION, 3, PG III

14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

ADR/RID

Hazard class 3

IMDG/IMO

Hazard class 3

ICAO/IATA

Hazard class 3

ADN

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Hazard class 3

14.4. Packing group

ADR/RID III
IMDG/IMO III
ICAO/IATA III

ADN III

14.5. Environmental hazards

ADR/RID No IMDG/IMO No

Marine pollutant No

ICAO/IATA No

AND No

14.6. Special precautions for user

ADR/RID

Classification Code F1

Tunnel restriction code (D/E)

Limited quantity 5 L

IMDG/IMO

EmS F-E, S-E

Limited quantity 5 L

ICAO/IATA

ERG Code 3L

Limited quantity 10 L

ADN

Classification Code F1

Limited quantity 5 L

ventilation VE01

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Special precautions for users

Special precautions No information available

14.7. Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC Code not applicable

15. Regulatory Information

15.1. Safety, Health And Environmental Regulations / Legislation Specific For The Substance Or Mixture

Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)

Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 (CLP)

Regulation (EU) No. 2020/878

Directive 88/642/EEC

Directive 98/24/EC

Directive 1999/92/EC

Directive 2012/18/EU

The mixture is subject to restrictions on use, see Annex XVII of the Regulation 1907/2006/EC (REACH): Column 1, n° 3; Column 1, n° 40.

European Union

National regulatory information

The United Kingdom

Avoid exceeding of the given occupational exposure limits (see section 8).

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Ireland

Avoid exceeding of the given occupational exposure limits (see section 8).

15.2. Chemical Safety Assessment

Chemical Safety Assessment Yes

Exposure scenario Relevant information for risk control are

communicated in the form of exposure

scenario attached to the safety data sheet.

16. Other Information

H226 - Flammable liquid and vapour

H302 - Harmful if swallowed

H304 - May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways

H315 - Causes skin irritation

H317 - May cause an allergic skin reaction

H318 - Causes serious eye damage

H319 - Causes serious eye irritation

H332 - Harmful if inhaled

H334 - May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled

H335 - May cause respiratory irritation

H360Fd - May damage fertility. Suspected of damaging the unborn child

H361d - Suspected of damaging the unborn child

H372 - Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure if inhaled

H400 - Very toxic to aquatic life

H411 - Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects

H412 - Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects

EUH208 - May produce an allergic reaction



Training Advice

Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. To avoid risks to man and the environment, comply with the instructions for use.

Sources of key data used to compile the datasheet

ECHA

Disclaimer

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text.

End of Safety Data Sheet

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